How small can the first measurable cardinal be?

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Advances in Set Theory 2022

Joint works with Yair Hayut and with Jiachen Yuan

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Small measurables

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Theorem (Jech 1968)

It is consistent with ZF, relative to the existence of a measurable cardinal, that \aleph_1 is measurable.

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Thank you for your attention!

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We say that a cardinal κ is a *weakly critical cardinal* if for any $A \subseteq V_{\kappa}$ there is an elementary embedding between transitive sets $j: X \to M$ with $\operatorname{crit}(j) = \kappa$ and $\kappa, A, V_{\kappa} \in X \cap M$.

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If κ is critical, then it is reflects being weakly critical. That is, there is a measure-1 set of weakly critical cardinals below κ .

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This method extends to any other reflection-style proofs.

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We call this class a *symmetric extension*, and we say that $\langle \mathbb{P}, \mathscr{G}, \mathscr{F} \rangle$ is a *symmetric system*.

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Theorem (Folklore, essentially Jech)

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We wish to emulate this sort of condition in the case of symmetric extensions.

Suppose $j: V \to M$ is an elementary embedding and $\langle \mathbb{P}, \mathscr{G}, \mathscr{F} \rangle$ is a symmetric system. Then j lifts to the symmetric extension if the following conditions hold:

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- and $j^{"}\mathscr{F}$ is a basis for $j(\mathscr{F})$.

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The new change is significant, since it opens up the door for a lot of the interesting cases where $j(\mathbb{P}) = \mathbb{P} \times \mathbb{Q}$ and we already have $H \in V$.

Question (Kaplan)

Can the least measurable cardinal be the least weakly critical cardinal?

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General gist of a Proof.

Let κ be a measurable cardinal. Consider the Easton support product of \mathbb{Q}_{α} for $\alpha < \kappa$ inaccessible, which adds a non-reflecting stationary subset to S_{ω}^{α} . This partial order is homogeneous, so we can take the product of the automorphism groups acting pointwise on each \mathbb{Q}_{α} , with \mathscr{F} being the filter generated by $\prod_{\alpha < \kappa} H_{\alpha}$, where on a tail of α , $H_{\alpha} = \operatorname{Aut}(\mathbb{Q}_{\alpha})$.

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To see that κ remains Mahlo, note that if C is a club, then in V[C], κ is Mahlo, so C must contain a strongly inaccessible cardinal.

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To see that κ remains Mahlo, note that if C is a club, then in V[C], κ is Mahlo, so C must contain a strongly inaccessible cardinal. But as the forcing did not collapse any cardinals or change the continuum function, those remain strongly inaccessible in the symmetric extension.

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So in K it must be that $o(\kappa) \ge 2$.

Where do we go now?

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Question

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Question

Is there a reasonable construction, starting from much stronger large cardinal assumptions, of a model of ZF *in which the least inaccessible cardinal is the least measurable cardinal?*

Thank you For Your attention!

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(And apologies for whatever I screwed up.)